Addressing the **Challenge of Sustainability**

The Need for **Building Industry Leadership**

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Audience Survey – How Long?

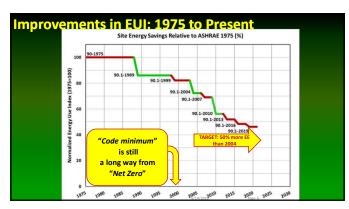
≻ House you grew up in

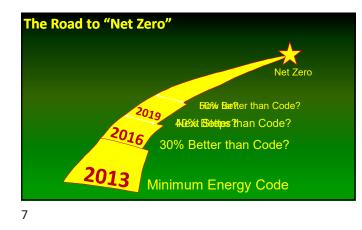
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- > House one of your parents grew up in
- > House one of your grandparents grew up in
- > ?Great-grandparents?
- > What about the projects you are working on today? How long will they last?













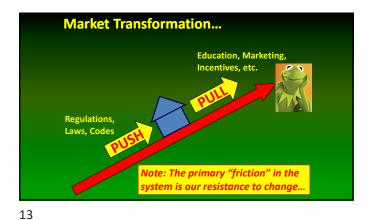


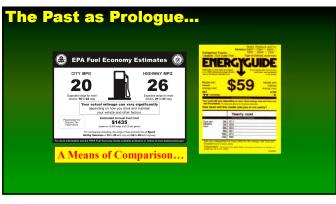




Addressing the Sustainability Challenge

- What is "sustainable"?
 What is a "sustainable building product"?
- How do we measure it?
 By what standard?
- What are the variables included in the measureme > What matters most?





Meaningful Metrics Require...

Comparative ratings:

- Determine the variables
 > (gallons, miles, kW, years, Btus, etc.)
- Determine the measurement conditions
 > (city, highway, temperature conditions, etc.)
- > Test or calculate the variables
- \succ Weight the variables by importance
- > Third-party certification and labeling

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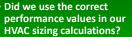
Example: Building Insulation

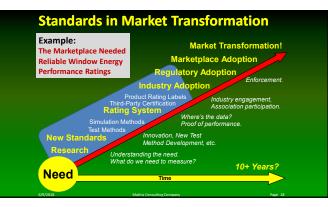
≻ "R-value"

- All products tested the same way
 Steady state
 Fixed 75F mean temperature
- > Tested, certified and labeled for consumers > A means of comparison...









Challenging Definitions...

- "Environmentally Preferable Product"
 - ➤ Preferable to whom?
 - ≻ By what standard?
 - ≻ What variables are included?
 - > What is most important?
 - > What if I value different variables?

Creating Sustainability Ratings

- > Life Cycle based?
- ➤ Energy based?
- > Natural resource based?
- > Job/labor based?
- > Carbon based?

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- > When do we measure?
- > What do we measure?

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What is "Sustainable"?

Can we write an equation to describe it?

$$\mathbf{"S"} = A \sum (v_1) + B \sum (v_2) + C \sum (v_3) .$$

Where:

"v_n" is a **variable** in our Sustainability equation (and there are MANY variables...)

A, B, C are "importance multipliers" on each variable

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Some <u>Possible</u> Variables in Our Sustainability Equation:

- > Energy Efficiency
- Energy Use in ManufacturingUse of Locally-produced raw
- materials
 <u>> Use of Renewabl</u>e Energy
- Sources
- Life Expectancy of the finished product
- Recyclability of the finished product
- Transportation energy consumed
- > Water consumed
- > Wetlands preserved
- > Carbon sequestered
- > Air pollution prevented
- > Durability
- > Insert your fay

green variable here.

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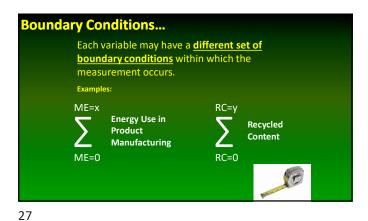
Variables/Challenges/Opportunities YOU added today...

- > The Cost of Discomfort
- Engagement of facilities folk from the start
- How to make performance data "cool"
- Getting sustainable "early on" –
 i.e. from the start
- Capital Budget vs Operational Budget
- Calculating ROI based on what value structure?
- Education as a priority
- Preferential lending
- Public awareness/caring
 Shift operational cost ratio –
- Preventative vs Corrective > Constructability
- Learning curve costs
- > Throw away culture> Weather changes
- Push toward electrification

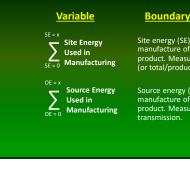
Sometimes the variables are local...







Do This for Every Variable



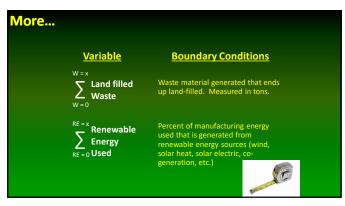
Boundary Conditions

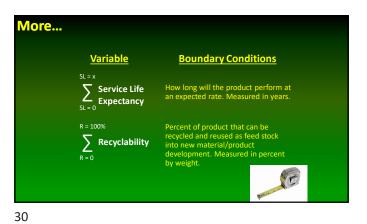
Site energy (SE) used in the manufacture of a given building product. Measured in Btus and kWh (or total/product?)

Source energy (OE) used in the manufacture of a given building product. Measured in Btus – pretransmission.

E

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Boundary Conditions are Tough!

- How far upstream do we measure? > Where does it come from?
- How far downstream do we measure?
 Where does it end up?

Example: Use "Sustainable Wood" in Minnesota





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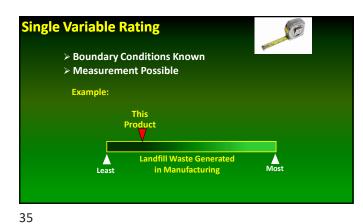
With Boundary Conditions



FYI: We've done this before...



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The Next Tough Job... PRIORITY

Once the Boundary Conditions are known we must then determine the WEIGHTING or "Importance" of each variable in the overall EPP equation

➤ The Size of A, B, C, etc.

"S" =
$$A\sum(v_1) + B\sum(v_2) + C\sum(v_3)...$$

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Which is More Important?

- > Manufacturing Energy or Recycled Content?
- > Waste Generated or Service Life?
- > Transportation Energy or Water Consumption?
- > Well it depends...

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And sometimes priorities change...



IF....

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> If we all <u>valued</u> the same things, we could weight each variable...

> If we all valued the same things, we could develop some Aggregate "preferability" rating...

"One Man's Bait..." **Versus a Collective Measure** Site Energ Renewable rce Energy Service Life Mnfr. Waste ...your actual mileage may vary...

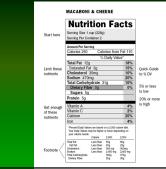
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Requires Tough Decisions

- Deciding on truly sustainable boundary conditions requires that we make particularly tough decisions...
 - > Where do we measure?> What do we measure?> For how long?
- > And we'd have to agree on the weights of each variable... (yeah right...)





> We prioritize different things based on our individual needs ≻ Salt? Sugar? Or Carbs? > Vitamins A? C? or Calcium?

> Implications?

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Can We Agree on SOME Things?

≻ Life Issues

- > Air and Water Quality that supports life > Toxicity in Use
- > Durability Issues
 - Buildings last a long time
 Product performance should last

Other Key Issues?

> Energy Efficiency

- Tied to building life > 50? 75? 100 years? More?
- Fied to power production
 Air quality, water quality, carbon, etc.
- > Tied to national objectives? > Ex: Over 40% of US total energy use goes to buildings!

Other Possible Variables?

- > Jobs Created
- > Jobs Protected
- > Water Conserved
- > Air Cleaned
- > Power Plants Decommissioned
- > Nutrition improved
- ≻ Etc...

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People Value **Different Things!**



Risks 1

Product vs. Assembly Performance

We can take a series of really good products and put them together poorly – potentially compromising their performance attributes...



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> It's easier (and cheaper) to "get it right the first time!"





Risks 3: For How Long?

- > Different building products have different service life expectancies
 - > Building envelope components (50 100 years?)
 > HVAC systems (12 15 years?), etc.

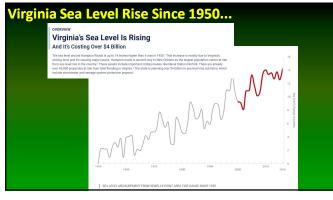
> Life Cycle Matters!

- ➢ Products
- > Assemblies
- > Equipment
- > Whole building

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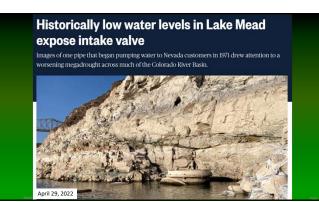


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And we have to be willing to challenge our notions of "Sustainability"

































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Oldest US Buildings?

- Palace of the Governors, Santa Fe, NM 1610
 ~400 years old
 > Oldest governmental building
- > St. Luke's Church, Smithfield, VA 1632 > ~382 years old > Oldest church
- Fairbanks House, Dedham, MA 1637
 > 377 years old
 > Oldest house
- > Another hand full around 350...















Conclusions-1

- > Developing Truly Meaningful Sustainability Metrics for Buildings and Building Products is Difficult
 - Many variables
 - Different boundary conditions
 - Different "value" depending on the buyer/user > "One man's bait..."

..and things change...
 ≻ Former norms no longer reliable...

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Conclusions 2

- Sustainability goals demand consideration of:
 - ≻ End use
 - ➤ Service life
 - Delivered Energy Efficiency
 - > Life Cycle/Life Expectancy
 - > Changing boundary conditions

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Conclusions 3

- > Metrics Should Support Different Users Needs and Priorities
 - > Addresses multiple variables
 - > Can make decisions based on broad or specific consumer priorities
 - > Can address broad national and international objectives
 - > Can be flexible, resilient, responsive to changing conditions...

We Must Change...

- Change is hard
- Change is risky
- > Change usually brings opposition
- > Change MAY create allies
- > Change MAY bring benefits
- Change may NOT be what we originally envisioned...

















The Sobering Part

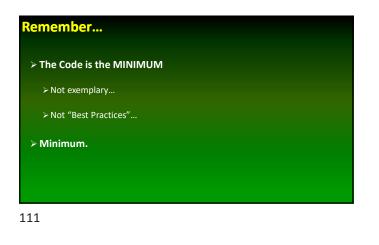
- We won't convince everyone
 Some will not pay the price of change, even change in their own best interests...
- High Performance Building Envelopes are just PART of the puzzle
 We must integrate across all building disciplines
 Integrated Design, Commissioning, Verification, Maintenance
 Occupant behavior modification



On the Risks of Leading Change

"There is nothing more difficult to attempt, more perilous to conduct, or more uncertain in its success, than to take the lead in the introduction of a new order of things... Because the innovator has for enemies all those who have done well under the old conditions, and only lukewarm defenders in those who might do well under the new."

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Remember... > Buildings Matter! 112



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Remember...

- > ...for over a hundred years...



